[1] SAFETY INFORMATION

The following are precautions to prevent accidents such as electrical shocks

Be sure to read them before using the CLAMP METER.

1-1 Symbols

The following cautionary signs appear on the clamp meter and in this manual

- ⚠ Disobediance to instructions with this sign may lead to troubles of the clamp meter and accidents such as electrical shock
- Application around and removal from HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted.
- 1-2 Maximum Overload Protection Input (within 5 sec.)

Range	Maximum overload protection input
ACA 6-15	AC 60 A
ACA 60-150	AC 600 A
ACA 600	AC 750 A
ACV 150, DCV 60	AC,DC 600 V
ACV 300-600	AC 750 V
Ω ×1-×100	230 V(fuse blown)

[2] APPLICATION

This is an AC clamp meter designed for measuring small to medium capacity cable runs of low voltage. It is suitable for measurement of alternating current in electric equipment and power supplies.

[4] MAINTENANCE

- 1. This section is very important for safety. Read and understand
- the following instruction fully and maintain your instrument properly
- 2. The instrument must be calibrated and inspected at least once a year to maintain the safety and accuracy

4-1 Maintenance and Inspection

- Is the appearance not damaged by falling?
- Is the test leads not damaged?
- If your instrument falls in any of the above items, do not use it and have it repaired or replace it with a new one. 4-2 Storage

- 1. The panel and the case are not resistant to volatile solvent and must not be cleaned with thinner or alcohol. For cleaning, use dry soft cloth and wipe it lightly.
- 2. The panel and the case are not resistant to heat Do not place the instrument near heat-generating devices

6-4 Measuring ACA~ (max. AC 600 A)

equipment and power supplies.

for preventing electric shock.

2) Measurement Procedure

1) Applications

a suitable range

- (such as a soldering iron). 3. Do not store the instrument in a place where it may be subjected
- to vibration or from where it may fall.
- 4. For storing the instrument, avoid hot, cold or humid places or places under direct sunlight or where condensation is anticipated.

Following the above instructions, store the instrument in good environment. (See 5-2)

It is suitable for measurement of alternating current in electric

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M WARNING

Be sure to disconnect the test lead from the measuring terminals

• If a current to measure can not be estimated, first measure it

with the meter in the 150 A or 600 A range, then change it to

①Set the range select knob to the proper ACA range according

②Press the iron core lever to open the iron core. Then, place

Let go of the iron core lever to fully close the iron core.

the conductor to be measured at the center of the iron core.

(4) After measurement, remove the iron core from the conductor.

to the magnitude of the current to be measured.

③Read the indication on the scale ("A" scale).

60 A range — scale 0∼60 multiplier X1

600 A range — scale 0∼60 multiplier ×10

15 A range — scale 0~15 multiplier X1

150 A range — scale 0∼15 multiplier ×10

6 A range — scale 0~60 multiplier X0.1

1-5 Precautions for Safety Measurement - ⚠ WARNING

To ensure that the meter is used safely, follow all safety and operating instructions.

Protection circuit may be undermined by unjustifiable usage that

does not the guidelines in the instruction manual. 1. This meter is a clamp meter exclusive for low voltage. Use it only for circuits of 600 V or below. If it is used for measuring the circuit exceeding 600 V, it may cause electrical shock or

2. Pay special attention when measuring the voltage of AC 33 Vrms (46.7 Vpeak) or DC 70 V or more to avoid injury. 3. Never apply an input signal exceeding the maximum input value.

4 Never use meter if it is damaged or broken.

5. During testing, never hold the iron core side of the meter

6. Test leads: · Be sure to use the specified model of test leads.

damage to the meter.

ahead of its barrier.

 Never use the test bar or cord that is damaged. • During testing, never hold the test pin side of the test bar ahead of its finger quard.

7. In case of the models using fuses, be sure to use a fuse of the specified rating and type. Never use a substitute of the fuse or never make a short,

circuit with a lead wire. 8. Never use meter in the state that its case or battery cover is taken off. 9 Be sure to disconnect the test pins from the circuit when

changing the function or range.

10. Before starting measurement, make sure that the function and range are properly set in accordance with the measurement. 11. Never use meter with wet hands or in a damp environment.

12. Never open meter case except when replacing batteries or fuses. Do not attempt any alterations of original specifications.

13. To ensure safety and maintain accuracy, calibrate and check the meter at least once a year. 14. When making an measurement of distorted AC wave shape

other than AC sinusoidal wave. Pay attention not to become the state of overload, since the value may be indicated (displayed) less than an actual value. 15. Indoor use

1. If the rear case or the battery lid is removed with input applied

to the input terminals, you may get electrical shock. Before starting the work, always make sure that no input is applied.

2. Before starting the work, be sure to release the test leads from

3 Take out the battery or fuse and replace it with a new one.

F500 mA/250 V (6.3×32 mm)

Prv up the metal part of the fuse using the pin of a test lead or

⚠ General Cautions on Measuring Current

· Close the ends of the iron core (CT) completely. Otherwise,

· AC current measurement does not apply to the frequencies

strong m agnetic field, the meter may indicate a current

• Treat with good care the tops of the core. Open and close them

Do not snap it open or shut. The core tops can get damaged

Place a conductor to measure in the center of the CT (near the

If it is clamped in a position far from the center, a maximum

If a large current is applied, vibration noise may be heard from

How to Use Lock Lever

When taking measurement in places where indicated values

are hard to read, the pointer lock lever may be used to lock

 \cdot The polarity of + and - turns reverse to that of the test

In case a fuse other than the same rated one is used, error in

· If a test pin is touched by a finger during measurement,

measurement will be influenced by the resistance in the

①Set the meter in the resistance ($\Omega) \ X100$ range and connect

②Insert the tip metal part of the temperature probe in the resistance

3 Change the connection to the resistance measuring terminal

Apply the tip metal part of the temperature probe to an area to

measure for temperature. When the indication has become stable,

read an indicated value on the temperature scale.("C" scale)

 (Ω) to the red test pin of the temperature probe.

the black test pin of the temperature probe to the common

measuring terminal (Ω) and adjust the meter indication to the

indication occurs and/or circuit protection is made unable.

• The $\!\Omega$ range terminals release voltage is about 1.5 V.

leads when measurement is done in Ω range.

human body to result in measurement error.

6-7 Measuring Temperature $^{\circ}$ C ($-10\sim200$ $^{\circ}$ C):

(with the optional probe "model T-THP")

Be sure to use the same rated fuse.

measuring terminal (COM).

 0Ω point with the 0Ω adjuster.

1) Measuring method

↑ FREE

LOCK

0

Lock lever

value with no conductor clamped (an error is produced).

· A spare fuse is attached to the inside of the battery lid

Battery (R03)

①Remove the battery lid screw with a screwdriver.

4 Attach the battery lid and fix it with the screw.

4-3 Battery and Fuse Replacement

the circuit.

(How to Replace)

Note

Fuse replacement

an error may occur.

for measurement.

Clamping 2 or more

conductors leads to

erroneous measurement.

If placed close to a conductor

to cause erroneous reading.

of ±3 % error may occur.

the CT. It is not a problem.

the pointer for easy reading.

the pointer is released.

position

When the lock lever is pushed up,

When the lever is pulled down, the

pointer is locked at the indicating

Locking the pointer

carrying a large current or in a

gently by means of the core lever.

calibration point reference marks).

other than sinusoidal 50 Hz∼60 Hz.

· Clamp only one conductor

2 Remove the battery lid.

remove

remove the

other tool to remove the fuse.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

[5] SPECIFICATIONS

Measurement Range and Accuracy

Function	Range	Tolerance	Remarks
ACA~	6-15-60-150-600	±3 % against f.s. (300 A or more ±4 % against f.s.)	sine wave 50,60 Hz
ACV ~	150-300-600	±3 % against f.s.	
DCV ~	60	±3 % against f.s.	
Ω	1 k - 100 k (X1) (X100)	±3 % scale length	center 30 Ω-3 kΩ battery 1.5 VX1
°C (Temp.)	(−10~200°C)	±3.5 % scale length	with optional probe (model T-THP)

5-2 Others

- Meter
- AC rectification : Half-wave rectification
- $\, \cdot \,$ Circuit protection $\, \cdot \,$ The circuit is proected by fuse even when voltage of up to AC 230 V is impressed on each range for 5 seconds.
- Applicable circuit voltage: AC 600 V or less
- Service ambient condition: Altitude 2000 m max., environmental pollution II, indoor use
- Spare fuse (0.5 A/250 V, \$\phi\$ 6.3 X30 mm) 1.

6-5 Measuring Voltage

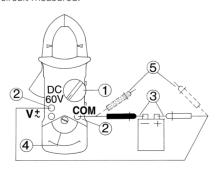
⚠ WARNING Never apply an input signals exceeding the maximum ratino

- input value.
- · Be sure to disconnect the test pins from the circuit when
- · Always keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the test leads when making measurements.
- · Never use meter in the state that its case or battery cover is

6-5-1 Measuring DCV == (max. DC 60 V)

1) Applications

- Measures batteries and DC circuits. 2) Measurement Procedure
- ①Set the range select knob to "DC 60 V"
- ②Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin plug to the "V" terminal.
- ③Apply the black test pin to the minus potential side of the circuit to be measured and the red test pin to the plus potential side. ④Read the indication on the scale ("V" scale 0~600). multiplier
- ⑤After measurement, remove the red and black test pins from the circuit measured.



[7] After-Sales Service

7-1 Warranty and Provision

Sanwa offers comprehensive warranty services to its end-users and to its product resellers. Under Sanwa's general warranty policy, each instrument is warranted to be free from defects in workmanship or material under normal use for the period of one (1) year from the date of purchase.

This warranty policy is valid within the country of purchase only, and applied only to the product purchased from Sanwa authorized

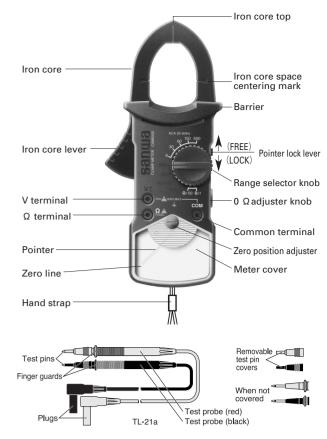
Sanwa reserves the right to inspect all warranty claims to determine the extent to which the warranty policy shall apply. This warranty shall not apply to fuses, disposables batteries, or any product or parts, which have been subject to one of the following 1. A failure due to improper handling or use that deviates from the

- instruction manual
- 2. A failure due to inadequate repair or modification by people other than Sanwa service personnel. 3. A failure due to causes not attributable to this product such as
- fire. flood and other natural disaster.
- 4. Non-operation due to a discharged battery.
- 5. A failure or damage due to transportation, relocation or dropping after the purchase.
- 7-2 Repair Customers are asked to provide the following information when
- requesting services:
- 1. Customer name, address, and contact information
- 2. Description of problem

7. Where you purchased the product

- 3. Description of product configuration 4 Model Number
- 5. Product Serial Number 6. Proof of Date-of-Purchase

[3] NAME OF COMPONENT UNITS



Printed in Japan

Sanua

CAM600S

ANALOG CLAMP METER

(23 ℃±5 ℃, 80 %RH max. No condensation)

runction	Range	Tolerance	hemarks
ACA∼	6-15-60-150-600	±3 % against f.s. (300 A or more ±4 % against f.s.)	sine wave 50,60 Hz
ACV ~	150-300-600	±3 % against f.s.	
DCV ~	60	±3 % against f.s.	
Ω	1 k - 100 k (X1) (X100)	±3 % scale length	center 30 Ω -3 k Ω battery 1.5 V \times 1
°C (Temp.)	(−10~200°C)	±3.5 % scale length	with optional probe (model T-THP)
F 0 0:1			

- Moving coil type. 183 μ A

- *Built-in battery : R6 (IEC) or UM-3 1.5 VX1 : F500 mA L/250 V, φ 6.3 X 32 mm Fast acting fuse Internal fuse
- Withstand voltage : AC 5550 V between iron core and rear case (1min.)
- · Operating temperature/humidity range : 0~40 °C, 80 % RH max. no condensation
- Storage temperature/humidity range -10~+50 ℃, 70 % RH max. no condensation
- Dimension and Mass : 221 (*H*) ×97 (*W*) ×43 (*D*) mm 420 g Accessories Test lead (TL-21a) 1. Carrying case (C-CAM6) 1. Instruction manual 1.
- Optional accessories: Temperature probe (model T-THP)
- 6-5-2 Measuring ACV ~ (max. AC 600 V)

* Factory-preinstalled built-in battery

and specifications of the product.

[6] MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

6-6 Measuring Resistance (Ω).

battery have been consumed.

(ACA,ACV,DCV,Ω,°C).

6-3 Ending Measurement

disconnect them.

instruction manual

6-2 Preparation for Measurement

2)Set the range select switch to ACA 600.

⚠ WARNING

2. Do not use the meter if the body or test leads are damaged or

3. Make sure the test leads are not cut or the fuse is not blown.*

*The meter is OK if the meter pointer moves when the red and black

test pins are brought into contact in the resistance range. Refer to

Note, however, the pointer may not move if the incorporated

②Check to see if the meter pointer is positioned on the 0 graduation

line (heavy line on the left end). If not, adjust it with a screwdriver.

3 Make measurement following the explanation of measurement

A battery for monitoring is preinstalled before shipping, therefore

it may run down sooner than the battery life specified in the

The "battery for monitoring" is a battery to inspect the functions

1) If the test leads are connected to the measuring terminals,

3 Lock the meter pointer. (Set the lock lever to LOCK.)

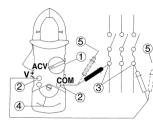
①Unlock the meter pointer. (Set the lock lever to FREE.)

1. Be sure to make startup inspection prior to use.

6-1 Startup inspection

broken

- 1) Application Measures sine-wave a.c. voltages such as commercial power line.
- 2) Measurement Procedure ①Set the range select knob to the proper ACV range according
- to the magnitude of the voltage to be measured. 2) Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin plug
- to the "V" terminal.
- 3 Apply the red and black test pins to the circuit to measure. 4 Read the indication on the scale ("V" scale)
- 150 V range scale 0~150
- 300 V range scale 0~300
- 600 V range scale 0∼600 ⑤After measurement, remove the red and black test pins from
- the circuit measured.



⚠ CAUTION

- If a voltage to measure can not be estimated, first measure it with the meter in the 600 V range, then change it to a suitable
- This instrument employs the average measurement system and some error is made to the indication of waveforms other than sine waves.
- The accuracy guaranteed frequency range is 50~60 Hz. • When measuring a voltage, be sure to connect the test leads
- in parallel to a load.

1) Prior to requesting repair, please check the following:

Capacity of the built-in battery, polarity of installation and

- discontinuity of the test leads. 2) Repair during the warranty period: The failed meter will be repaired in accordance with the
- conditions stipulated in 6-1 Warranty and Provision. 3) Repair after the warranty period has expired: In some cases, repair and transportation cost may become
 - authorized agent / service provider in advance The minimum retention period of service functional parts is 6 years after the discontinuation of manufacture. This retention period is the repair warranty period. Please note, however, if such functional parts become unavailable for reasons of discontinuation of manufacture, etc., the retention period may

higher than the price of the product. Please contact Sanwa

- become shorter accordingly. 4) Precautions when sending the product to be repaired To ensure the safety of the product during transportation, place the product in a box that is larger than the product 5 times or more in volume and fill cushion materials fully and then clearly mark "Repair Product Enclosed" on the box surface. The cost of sending and returning the product shall be borne by the
- customer 7-3 SANWA web site http://www.sanwa-meter.co.jp
- E-mail: exp_sales@sanwa-meter.co.jp

X1 range — scale 1 k~0 multiplier X1 X100 range — scale 1 k~0 multiplier X100

6-6 Measuring Ω (max. 100 k Ω)

⚠ WARNING Never apply voltage to the " Ω " terminal.

1) Application Resistance of resistors and circuits are measured.

2) Measurement Procedure ①Set the range select knob to the proper Ω range according

to the magnitude of the current to be measured. ②Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin

plug to the " Ω " terminal. $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{J}}\xspace$ Short the red and black test pins and turn the 0 Ω adjuster knob so that the pointer may align exactly to 0 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}\,.$ (If the pointer fails to swing up to 0 Ω even when the 0 Ω adjuster is turned clockwise fully, replace the internal battery with a fresh one.)

(4) Apply the red and black test pins to an object to measure. ⑤Read the indication on the scale ("Ω" scale)

